

DECLARATIONS

Funding

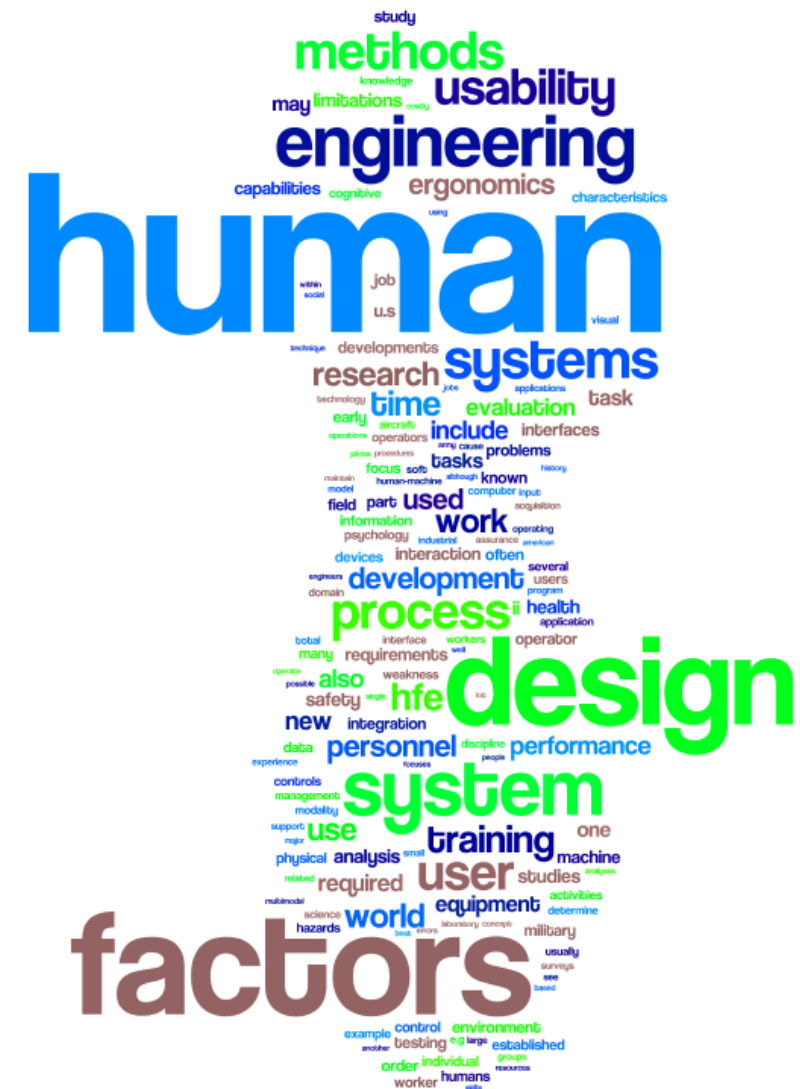
- PI: CIHR, PCORI, FRQS, CFI, MERSTQ
- Co-I: AHRQ, NIH

I declare I have no other known conflicts of interest

HUMAN FACTORS ENGINEERING

Designing for the way people **are**,
not the way **we wish they were**

Adapting systems to people,
rather than expecting people to
adapt to systems



4 METRICS FOR GOOD SYSTEMS

Good **functionality**:

- It **works**.
 - System does what the design specifications say it should do.

Good **usability**:

- I **can** use it.
 - System is easy & intuitive to use.
 - Person using the system can complete task(s).

Good **accessibility**:

- **Most/all people** can use it.
 - System has affordances to enable people with various limitations to use it.

Good **user experience (UX)**:

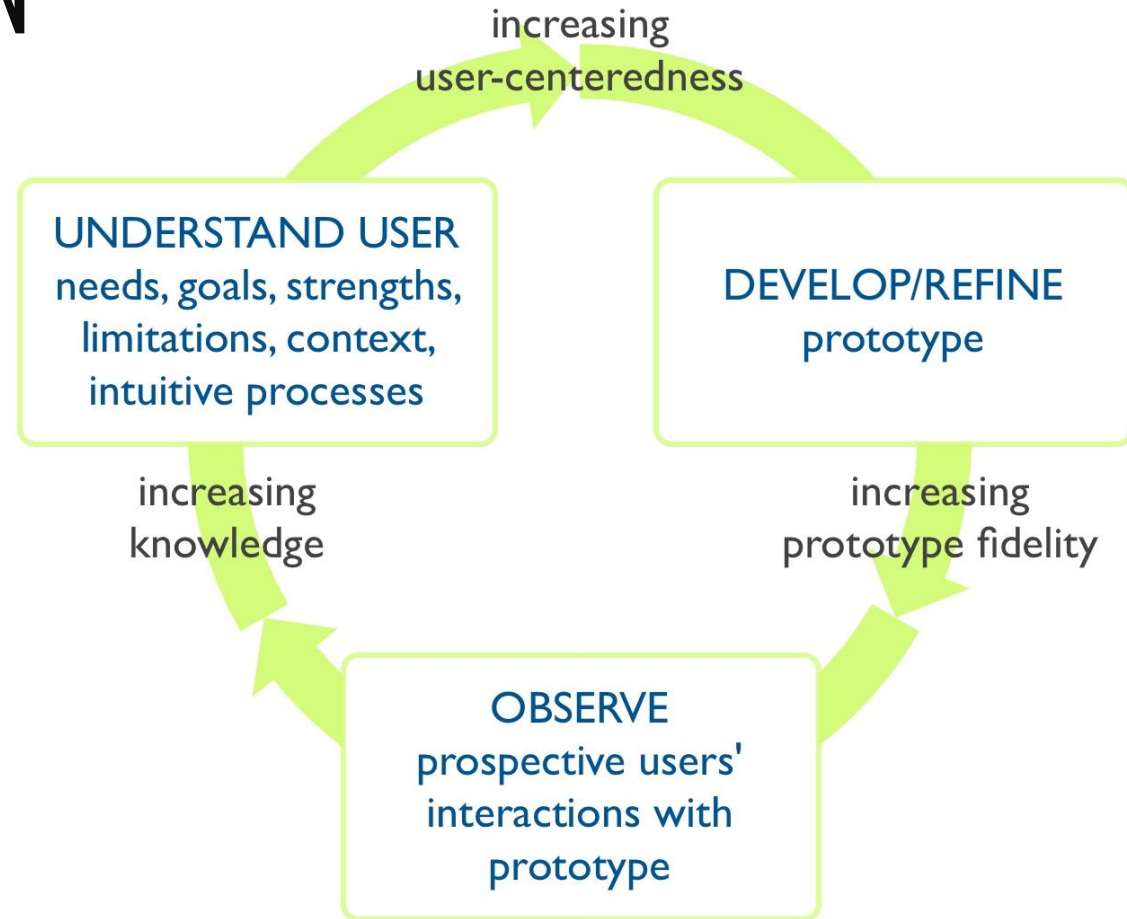
- I **enjoy** using it.
 - Person feels good while using system.

USER-CENTERED DESIGN

User-Centered Design Framework

(More or less) related terms

- Human-centered design
- Design thinking
- User experience design
- Goal-directed design
- Co-design
- Co-creation
- Participatory design
- Plan-Do-Study-Act
- Agile



Witteman et al., *Systematic Reviews*, 2015
DOI: 10.1186/2046-4053-4-11

DESIGN FLIPS THE SCRIPT

Ask not: “How can we **get people to use** our system?”

Ask: “How can we make our system **useful to people**?”

A man in a dark jacket and sunglasses is seen from the back, looking out over a city at sunset. The sun is low on the horizon, creating a strong lens flare. In the background, the silhouettes of buildings and trees are visible. On the left side of the frame, there is a whiteboard with some text and a colorful graphic. On the right side, there is a blue marker and a small portion of a whiteboard with text.

“Customers don’t care about your solution. They care about their problems.”
– Dave McClure

USER

Someone who uses something (a technology/system/thing/procedure ...)

- to accomplish a task
- to accomplish a set of tasks
- in pursuit of a goal

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DEFINING & ALIGNING GOALS

What are my users' goals?

What are my (research team's) goals?

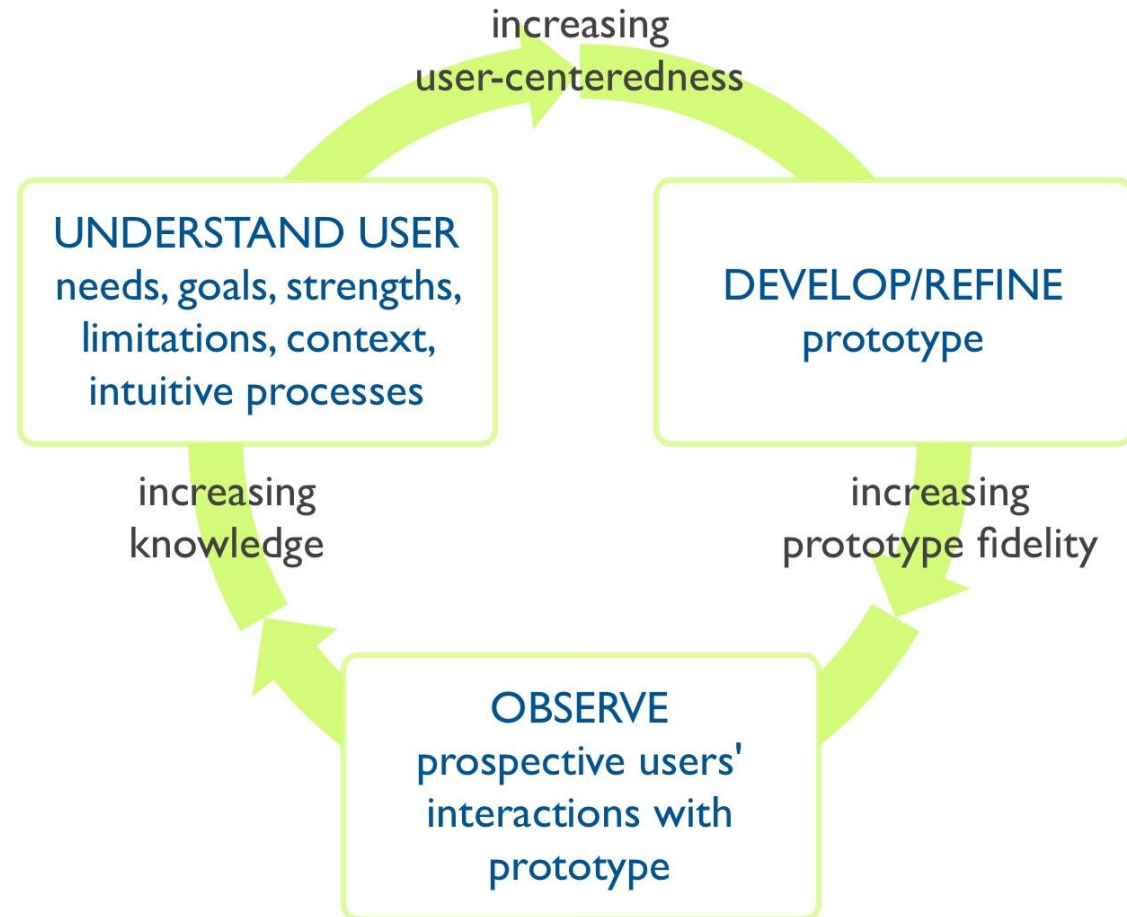
Are these the same?

- Yes: good to go
- No: user-centred design may not be appropriate; project faces significant hurdles, lower chances of success

KEY POINTS

- 1: Iterative cycles
- 2: More than needs
- 3: Prototype early
- 4: Observe, not ask

User-Centered Design Framework



Witteman et al., *Systematic Reviews*, 2015
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EXAMPLE PROCESS

Observe existing processes via shadowing (UNDERSTAND USER)

Focus groups with users (UNDERSTAND USER)

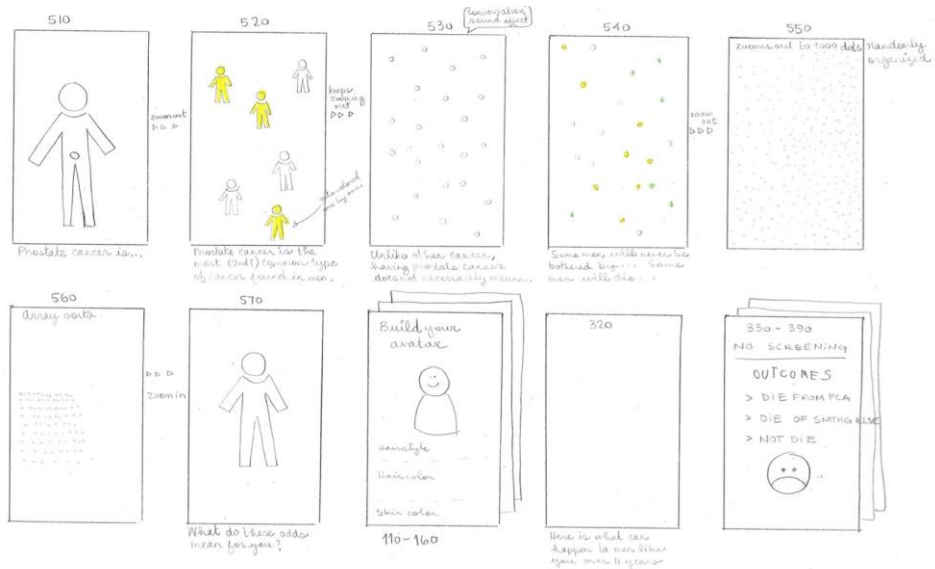
Participatory design workshop with users & other experts (DEVELOP)

Test candidate designs (OBSERVE)

Interpret test results (UNDERSTAND USER)

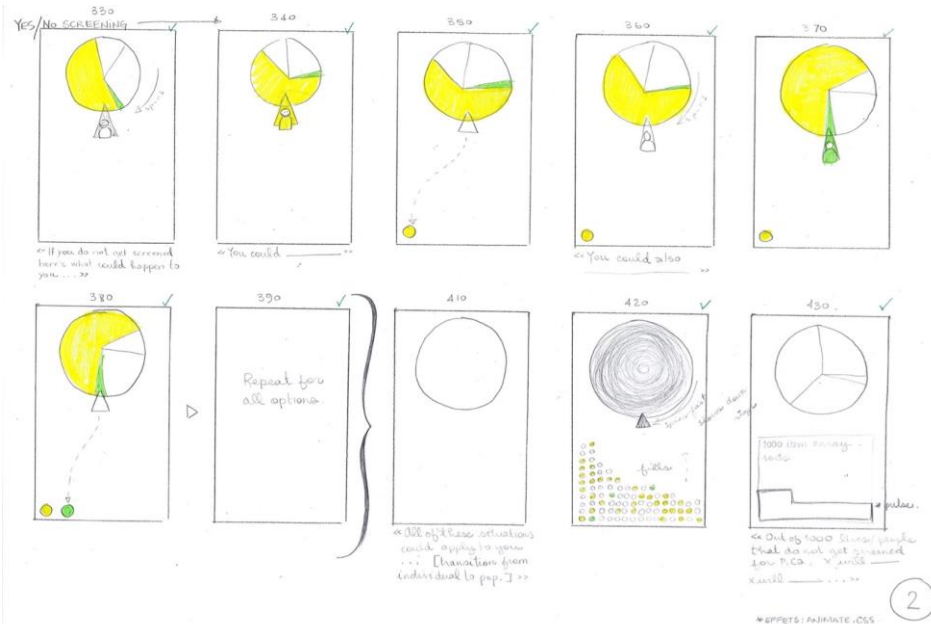
Refine design (REFINE)

Test again, repeat



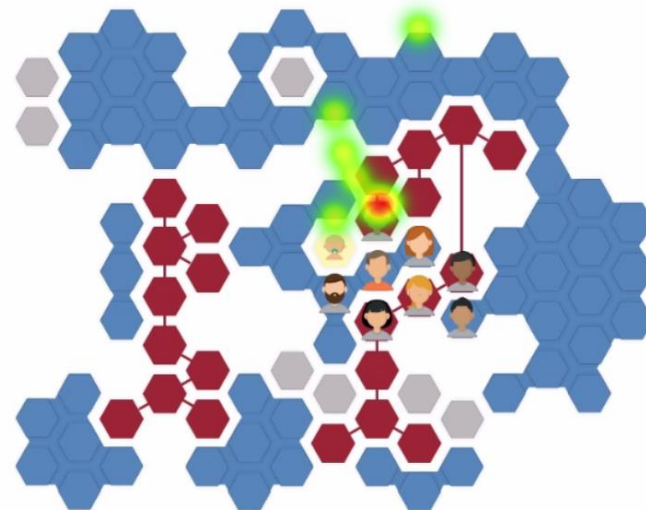
Impact d'un individu

Impact dans une communauté



Impact d'un individu

Impact dans une communauté



USER TESTING




@wittemanlab @hwitteman

Image credit: Holly Witteman

USER TESTING

Basic concept:

- See how people respond
 - Not asking whether they like it/what they think
- Fix problems/adjust design accordingly
- Efficient way to discover problems before launching expensive pilot study or trial
 - You want bad news here, not after the trial is over or your intervention is implemented (“Fail early, fail well”)
 - Most useful feedback: the feedback you don’t want to hear



“Design like you’re right;
listen like you’re wrong”
- John Lilly (former Mozilla CEO)

USER TESTING: RECOMMENDATION

Table with 5 columns:

- 1: design element
- 2: what you want this element to convey (a useful design exercise anyway!)
- 3: what users understood from this element
- 4: how this element made users feel
- 5: other comments, key quotes

Think of it like hypothesis-testing your design

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WHEN USER TESTING ISN'T THE RIGHT METHOD

Functionality: standards (various), technical testing

Accessibility: standards (WCAG 2.0), simulations



ORIGINAL

Dashboard

Data reporting period ending: **March 31, 2014**

My Primary Care Enrollment Model (group type): **XXX**

My Group Number: **Group Ag.**

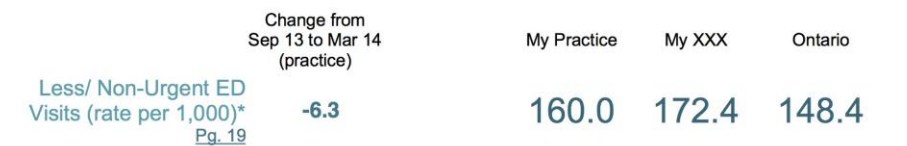
My LHIN: **LHIN Ag.**

My Rurality Index of Ontario Score: **0 - Major Urban (0 to 9)**

How well are we doing?



What resources are our patients using?

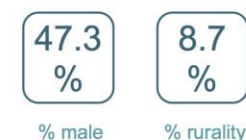


Health Quality Ontario

Primary Care Practice Report

Who am I caring for?

[Pg. 28](#)



To find out more information about any particular indicator, please click on the page number links located under each indicator

*Adjusted for age, sex and morbidity.




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Primary Care Practice Report

Health Quality Ontario

Overall Performance in Quality Indicators

Data as of March 31, 2016

	Where can I improve?	Average performance	What am I doing well?
 Cancer Screening	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CRC screening	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pap smear	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mammogram
 Diabetes Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• HbA1C• LDL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Retinal test• ACE inhibitors/ARB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Statin
 Health Services Utilization	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Total ED visits• Urgent ED visits• ACSC COPD	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Less urgent ED visits• ACSC adm. total• ACSC adm. asthma• ACSC CHF• ACSC diabetes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hospital readmissions within 30 days• Hospital readmissions within 1 year• Visits to own physician

[View your patient information and demographics](#)



KEY TAKEAWAYS

Be clear about goals

- What are they?
- Whose are they?

Fail early; fail well (seek negative results as early as possible)

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